

# The faecal calprotectin diagnostic journey – the clinician

1

Patient with recurrent GI symptoms indicative of inflammatory bowel disease (IBD)/irritable bowel syndrome (IBS)

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2

Patient provides standard stool sample for clinical investigation

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3

Sample and pathology form are clearly labelled and sent to local pathology service within 4 days

Results are returned. A calprotectin result  $\geq 50 \mu\text{g/g}$  supports a diagnosis of IBD

# The faecal calprotectin diagnostic journey – the lab

1

Sample and pathology form are received and checked to ensure all patient details correspond

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2

Calprotectin is extracted from the stool sample

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3

Calprotectin extract is analysed on our fully automated platform



Results are returned. A calprotectin result  $\geq 50 \mu\text{g/g}$  supports a diagnosis of IBD